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made in the literature for that year are reflected in Hygienic Laboratory Bulletin No. 98. The fact, however, that deterioration does occur and that it frequently is not recognized by the pharmacist who sells the preparation, is but an additional reason for the enforcement of existing laws and a justification of the resolution adopted by the American Medical Association (J. Am. M. Assoc., 1913, v. 60, p. 2086), which reads as follows:

Whereas it has been repeatedly shown by the council on pharmacy and chemistry and by the chemical laboratory of the A. M. A., as well as by other investigators, that many drugs and preparations used in the treatment of disease are of unreliable composition, through carelessness, negligence, ignorance, and other reasons; and

Whereas this condition of affairs is against the interest of public health and the progress of the science of medicine; therefore it is evident that greater activity is needed in the enforcement of existing laws relating to drugs and medicines; therefore be it

Resolved, That the section on pharmacology and therapeutics requests the house of delegates of the A. M. A. to bring this matter to the attention of the proper Federal and State authorities and urge on them the need for more energetic and effective action in this direction.

From what has been said it would appear that a more energetic and effective control of all drugs and preparations is needed. The desirable and only really efficient method of control involves honesty, knowledge, vigilance, and care on the part of the person selling the product.

Members of boards of health and other State and Federal officials entrusted with the enforcement of laws designed to control the purity and strength of medicinal products should call attention to the desirability of having these laws enforced in a way to secure for the purchaser drugs of uniform strength and purity, with a view of minimizing as much as possible the untoward or secondary effects of potent medicines, irrespective of whether they are used as household remedies or under the direct supervision of a competent physician.

### PLAGUE-ERADICATIVE WORK.

#### CALIFORNIA.

The following report of plague-eradicative work in California for the week ended January 9, 1915, has been received from Passed Asst. Surg. Hurley, of the United States Public Health Service, in temporary charge of the work:

San Francisco, Cal.

RAT PROOFING.	1		
New buildings:		Total area of concrete laid (sq. ft., 92,444).	
Inspections of work under construction.	214	Class A, B, and C (fireproof) buildings:	
Basements concreted (sq. ft., 41.688)	62	Inspections n ade	25
Floors concreted (sq. ft., 30,701)	35	Roof and basement ventilators, etc.,	
Yards, passageways, etc. (sq. ft., 20,055).	101	screened	1,31

# San Francisco, Cal.—Continued.

San Fi	ancisco, C	ai.—Commuec	ι.		
RAT PROOFING—continued.		OPTERATIONS OF	N THE WATER FR	CONT-continued.	
RAT PROOFING—continued.  Class A, B, and C (fireproof) buildings—C Wire screening used (sq. ft., 6,626). Openings around pipes, etc., closed w cement. Sidewalk lens lights replaced. Old buildings: Inspections made. Wooden floors removed. Yards and passageways, planking moved. Cubic feet new foundation walls insta Concrete floors installed (sq. ft., 49,9 Basements concreted (sq. ft., 13,339) Yards and passageways, etc., concre (sq. ft., 24,157). Total area concrete laid (sq. ft., 87,45 Floors rat proofed with wire cloth (sq. 5,700). Buildings rezed. New garbage cans stamped (approved). Nuisances abated.  OPERATIONS ON THE WATER FRONT Vessels inspected for rat guards. Remspèctions made on vessels New rat guards procured. Defective rat guards repaired. Vessels on which cargo was inspected.	rith 7,060 3,000 294 16 ted 113 22 460 323 24 23 26 2	Steamers Congre from Seattle (co none): Milk, candie household g Flour and spl Rats trapped on v Rats trapped on v Traps set on what Traps set on vesse Vessels trapped of Poisons placed on Bait used on wat pounds Amount of bread front Founds of poison RATS COLLECT Collected Examined Found infected	ss and Admira ndition, O. K.; r ss, crackers, ss goods it peas wharves and wa vessels ves and water f els u water front er front and ves d used in poise used on water f EED AND EXAMIN PLAGUE.	l Farragut, at evidence, almon, andcases. 340sacks. 900 ter front. 36 12 ront. 137 52 12pieces. 1,800 ssels, bacon, 6 ming waterloaves. 6 cont. 3 SED FOR 365 271 0 365 271 82 80	
vessels on which cargo was inspected	2	i mustuus			
Squirrels collected and examined for plague.   Contra Costa County					
Total				26	
Record of plague infection.					
Places in California.	Date of la case of hun plague.		Date of last case of squir- rel plague.	Total number ro- dents found infected since May, 1907.	
Cities: San Francisco. Oakland. Berkeley. Los Angeles. Counties: Alameda (exclusive of Oakland and Berkeley). Contra Costa. Fresno. Merced. Monterey. San Benito. San Joaquin. San Luis Obispo. Santa Clara. Santa Cruz. Stanislaus.	Aug. 9, 19 Aug. 28, 19 Aug. 28, 19 Aug. 11, 19 Sept. 24, 19 May 17, 19 None 4, 19 Sept. 18, 19 None Ang. 31, 19 None 19, 19	911 Dec. 1,1998 907 None	Aug. 21,1908 Aug. 7,1914 Oct. 23,1914 Oct. 27,1911 July 12,1911 Apr. 10,1914 Sept. 26,1914 Aug. 26,1911 Jan. 29,1910 July 23,1913 May 17,1910	398 rats, 126 rats, None, 1 squirrel, 286 squirrels, 1,565 squirrels, 1 squirrel, 5 squirrels, 6 squirrels, 8 squirrels, 18 squirrels, 11 squirrels, 12 squirrels, 13 squirrels, 13 squirrels, 13 squirrels, 31 squirrels, 31 squirrels, 31 squirrels,	

The work is being carried on in the following named counties: Alameda, Contra Costa, San Francisco, Merced, San Joaquin, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, San Benito, Santa Clara, and San Mateo.

### LOUISIANA-NEW ORLEANS.

The following report of plague-eradicative work in New Orleans for the week ended January 16, 1915, has been received from Surg. Corput, of the United States Public Health Service, in temporary charge of the work:

OUTGOING QUARANTINE.	DESTINATION AND NUMBER OF RAILROAD CARS IN-
Vessels fumigated with sulphur 4	SPECTED FOR WEEK ENDED JAN. 16-contd.
Vessels furnigated with carbon monoxide 2	Minnesota. 4
	Mississippi530
Pounds of sulphur used	
Colle consumed in carbon monoxide fumiga-	Nebras a 5
tion (pounds)	New Jersey 4
Pounds of potassium cyanide used in hydro-	New York 9
cyanic gas fumigation	Ohio
Pounds of sodium carbonate used in hydro-	Pennsylvania 13
cyanic gas fumigation	
Pounds of sulphuric acid used in hydro-	Texas
cyanic gas fumigation	)   Utah
Clean bills of health issued	2 Vermont. 6
Foul bills of health issued	West Virginia 4
OVERLAND FREIGHT INSPECTION.	Wisconsin
OVERLAND FREIGHT INSPECTION.	Canada 7
Cars inspected, found in good order; permit-	FIELD OPERATIONS.
ted to load	)
Cars ordered repaired before loading 1,33	
Total cars inspected	
DESTINATION AND NUMBER OF RAILROAD CARS IN	Notices served
SPECTED FOR WEEK ENDED JAN, 16.	BUILDINGS RAT PROOFED.
	The short street
Alabama 10	
11110	By marginal concrete wall. 123
Ar ansas4	
California. 1	
Caronian, Francisco	Square yards of concrete laid
Carolina, South	Total buildings rat proofed 659 Total buildings rat proofed to date 8,154
<del>Q</del> +	5   Total buildings rat proofed to date
Commission	Abatements to date. 18,688
	7 Abatements to date.
Florida	LABORATORY OPERATIONS
Georgia. 4	
(100-7	Mus norvegicus
Illinois	
Indiana	li de la companya de
Towa. 1	
Kansas	,
Kentucky	
Louisiana 1,04	- T
	Plague rats confirmed
alunduration and a second and a	

### Rodent cases.

Case No.	Address.		Rodent found dead.	Diagnosis con- firmed.	Treatment premises	-
223 224 225 226	Stuyvesant Docks, Wharf 6dodododododododo		do Jan. 6	Jan. 11 do Jan. 12	Intensive ping. See case 223. Do. Do.	trap-
Total Roder M	number of rodents captured to Jan.16. 232, 949 number of rodents examined to Jan.16 192, 420 nt cases to Jan. 16, by species: us rattus	Mus a Mus n	lexandrinı orvegicus.	18	ecies—Continu	ed. 8 199 226

#### WASHINGTON—SEATTLE.

The following report of plague-eradicative work in Seattle for the week ended January 2, 1915, has been received from Surg. Lloyd, of the United States Public Health Service, in charge of the work:

RAT PROOFING.	WATER FRONT.
New buildings inspected	Vessels inspected and histories recorded 4 Vessels fumigated 2
Basements concreted (8)square feet.   9,821	Sulphur used     pounds     3,100       Rat guards installed     8       Defective rat guards repaired     14       Canal Zone certificates issued     2       Port sanitary statements issued     42
Total concrete laid, new structures, square feet	LABORATORY AND RODENT OPERATIONS.  Dead rodents received
New buildings elevated	Total         386           Rodents examined for plague infection         309           Rodents proven plague infected         0           Blocks poisoned         15           Poison distributed         pounds         42
ings.         2           Openings screened, old buildings.         18           Wooden floors removed, old building.         1           Wire screening used.         square feet.         3,500           Buildings razed.         2	CLASSIFICATION OF RODENTS.   Mus rattus

The usual day and night patrol was maintained to enforce rat guarding and fending.

## Rodents examined in Tacoma.

Mus norvegicus found dead	
Mus norvegicus trapped.	3
Total	
Rodents examined for plague infection	8
Rodents proven plague infected.	0

#### HAWAII.

The following reports of plague-eradicative work in Hawaii have been received from Surg. Trotter, of the United States Public Health Service:

# Honolulu.

# WEEK ENDED JAN. 2, 1915.

Total rats and mongoose taken       381         Rats trapped       373         Mongoose trapped       7         Rats killed by sulphur dioxide       1         Examined microscopically       317         Showing plague infection       0	Mus alexandrinus
WEEK ENDEL	JAN. 9, 1915.
Total rats and mongoose taken         475           Rats trapped         451           Mongoose trapped         14           Rats killed by sulphur dioxide         10           Examined microscopically         393           Showing plague infection         0           Classification of rats trapped:         203           Mus alexandrinus         203           Mus musculus         162           Mus norvegicus         50           Mus rattus         30	Classification of rats killed by sulphur dioxide;  Mus alexandrinus
Hi	lo.
WEEK ENDEL	DEC. 26, 1914.
Rats and mongoose taken       2,077         Rats trapped       2,662         Rats found dead       23         Mongoose taken       22         Rats and mongoose examined macroscopically       2,077	Rats and mongoose plague infected. 0 Classification of rats trapped and found dead: Mus norvegicus. 470 Mus alexandrinus. 219 Mus rattus. 546 Mus musculus. 820
WEEK ENDER	JAN. 2, 1915.
Rats and mongoose taken.       1,719         Rats trapped.       1,691         Rats found dead.       10         Mongoose taken.       18         Rats and mongoose examined macroscopically.       1,719         Rats and mongoose plague infected.       0	Classification of rats trapped and found dead:  Mus norvegicus. 346  Mus alexandrinus 218  Mus rattus 422  Mus musculus. 715  Last case of rat plague, Paauhau Sugar Co.,  Aug. 29, 1914.  Last case of human plague, Paauhau Sugar  Co., Aug. 16, 1914.